







2022-23 Reach Codes Initiative

Advancing safer, healthier and more affordable buildings and vehicles

City Staff Meeting - February 17, 2022



Team Introductions

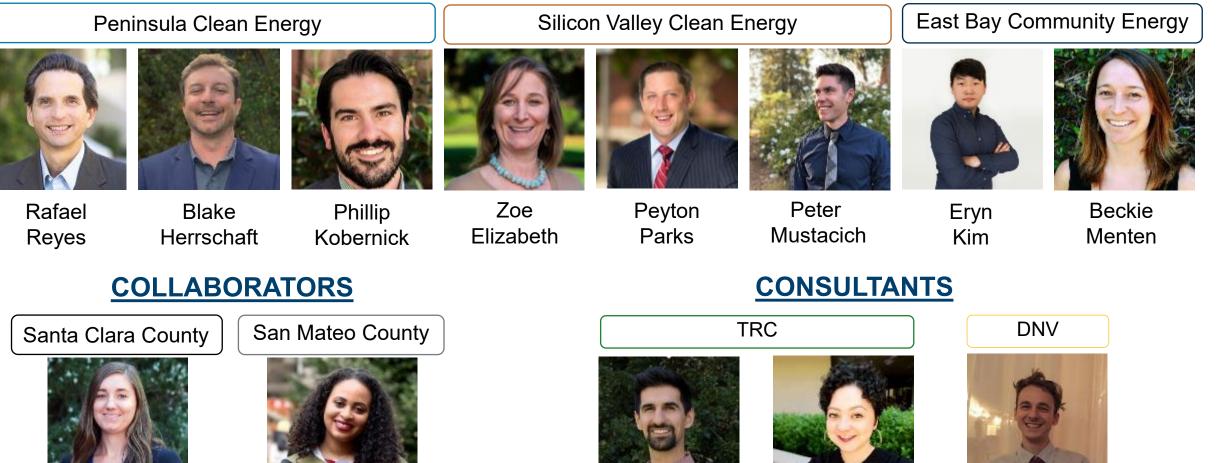




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LEADERSHIP



Breann Boyle



Alero Moju

Farhad Farahmand Mayra Vega Thor Frantz





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2022-23 Initiative Goals and Objectives

Electrify	 Emissions reductions Economical Healthy air Job creation
Continue	Re-adopt by Jan 2023Avoid enforcement gaps
Simplify	Less complex code languageReduce permitting barriers
Expand	 New city participation Existing buildings policy and programs





Tools, Services, and Resources

- 1. Model Codes, the topic of discussion today
- 2. Stakeholder meetings
 - Please reach out when you would like support, with dates in mind, and we will do our best to support you.
 - We may hold regional public meetings for efficiency and for 'strength in numbers.'

3. Tech assist via email / phone

- Code customization
- Permit simplification support, for example
 - Share state-mandated expedited review requirements and resources
 - Share city staff trainings for electrification technologies
 - Develop application resources specifically for electrification projects

4. BayAreaReachCodes.Org

- Templates (i.e., staff reports, PPT decks) for city staff to leverage will become available Q1 2022
- Cost-effectiveness studies as they become available (March through May 2022 for initial draft results)
- New Adopters in PCE/SVCE service area: \$10k grant for city-staff time if reach codes are brought to a vote at your Council



Reach Codes Newcomers Webinar Series

- Hosted by Statewide Reach Codes Program, BayREN, and CCEC
- <u>Registration Link</u>
- Next meeting Feb 22 on Reach Code Process and Timing
- Future meetings cover cost-effectiveness, ordinance options, and implementation

BayREN Existing Buildings Resources

- Policy Calculator
- Energy Atlas building stock energy data
- Engineering Technical Assistance for municipal building efficiency and electrification

Meeting Overview

Objectives

- Deep dive into model code language
 - Building electrification
 - EV infrastructure
- Briefing on Existing Building Electrification
- Feedback and discussion on how to enhance model code

Agenda

- 1. Recap of Industry and Community stakeholder events
- 2. Building electrification, existing building strategy
 - + Guest Speaker: Kevin Jackson
- Building electrification, new construction code
 + Breakout session
- 4. Electric vehicle charging infrastructure code
 - + Breakout session
- 5. Open discussion

5 min 30 min 30 min 30 min 20 min

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Building Industry

Electrical capacity concerns

- Electrical code formulas may be overly conservative
- Automatic Load Management for EV charging is new to the industry and should be more readily invoked
- Requests and suggestions for existing building code language

Community

- Further resources necessary for public outreach and education
- Grid capacity concerns
- Environmental degradation of renewable power plants and EV batteries
- Request for code requirement of routing EV chargers through the multifamily meter

Existing Building Electrification



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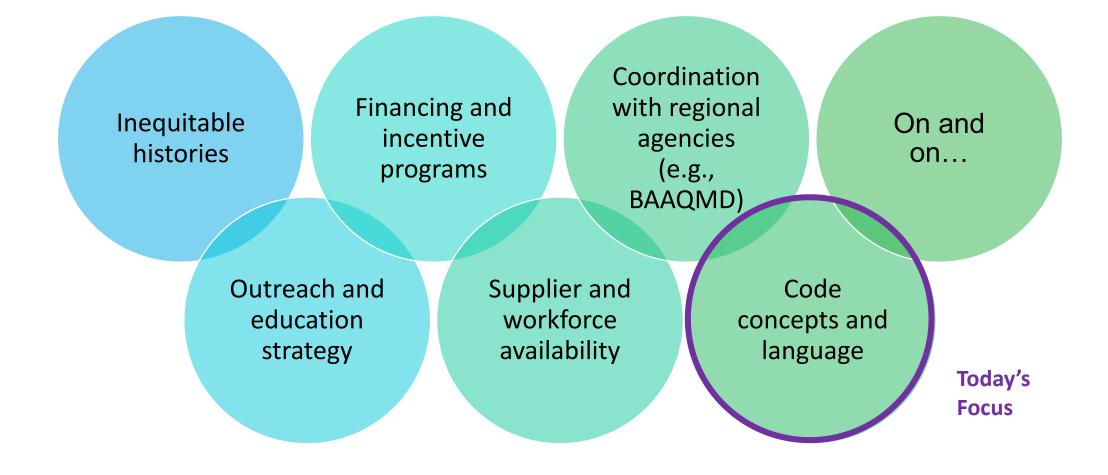
Poll

2022 Initiative - Key Concepts



SILICON VALLEY

Existing Buildings Policy







Reflections on Existing Building Policies

Kevin Jackson, AICP

Planning & Building Director

City of Piedmont

120 Vista Avenue, Piedmont, CA 94611

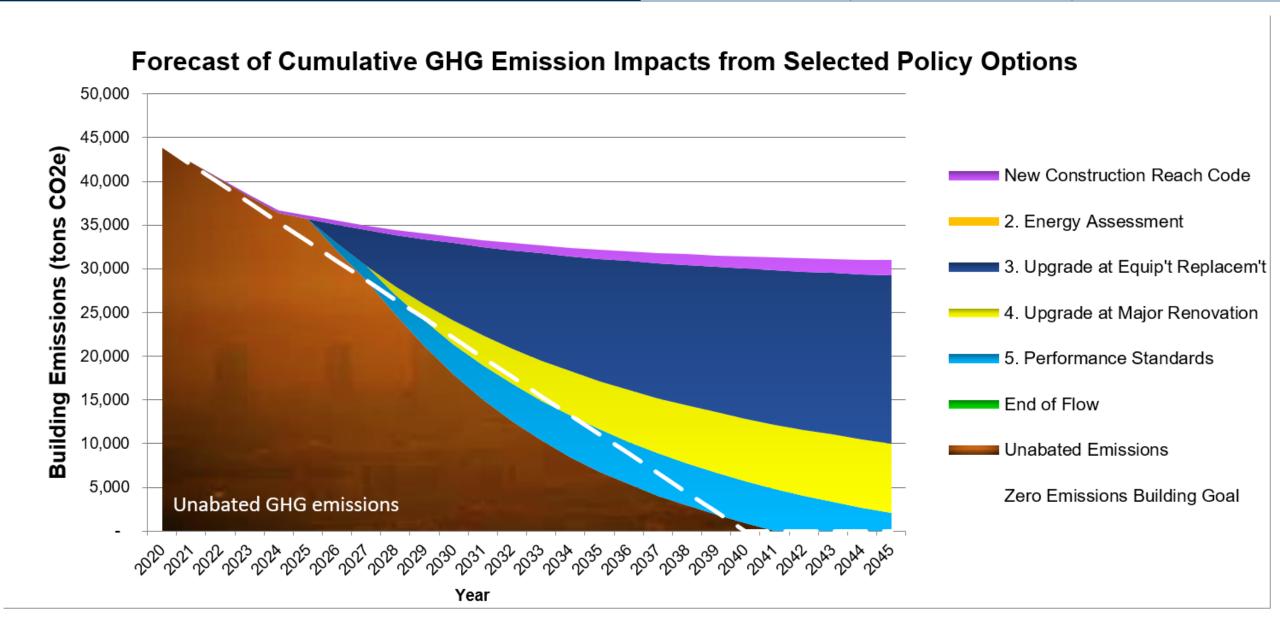
Tel: (510) 420-3039

Google "Piedmont Reach Code" https://www.piedmont.ca.gov/services_____departments/planni ng___building/about_building_/reach_code_information





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Existing Building Code Approaches



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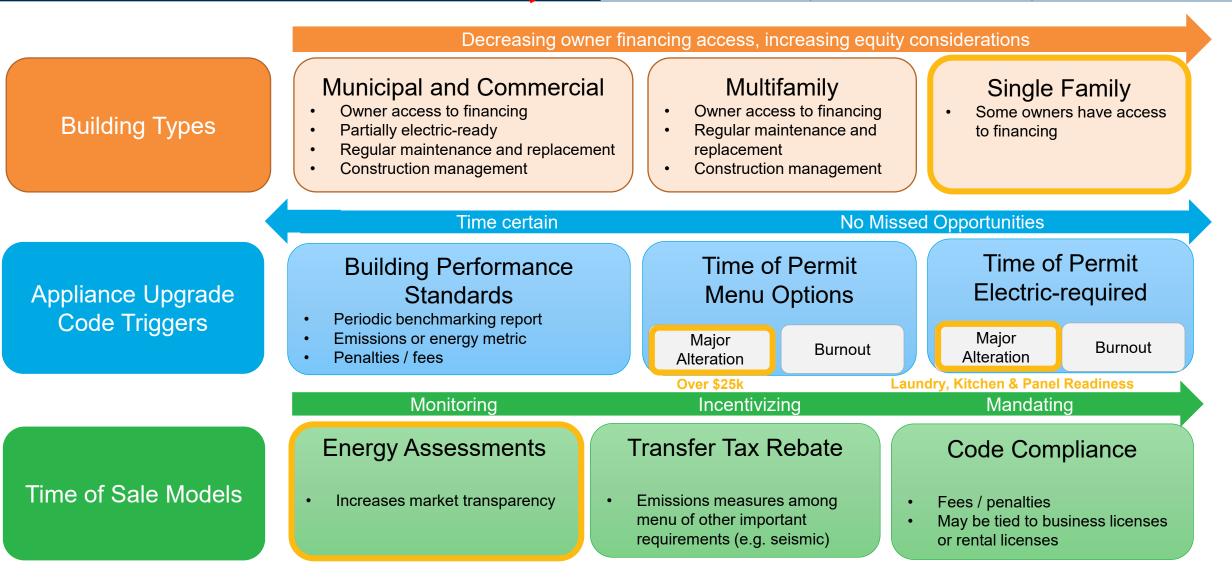
Existing Building Code Approaches



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Piedmont

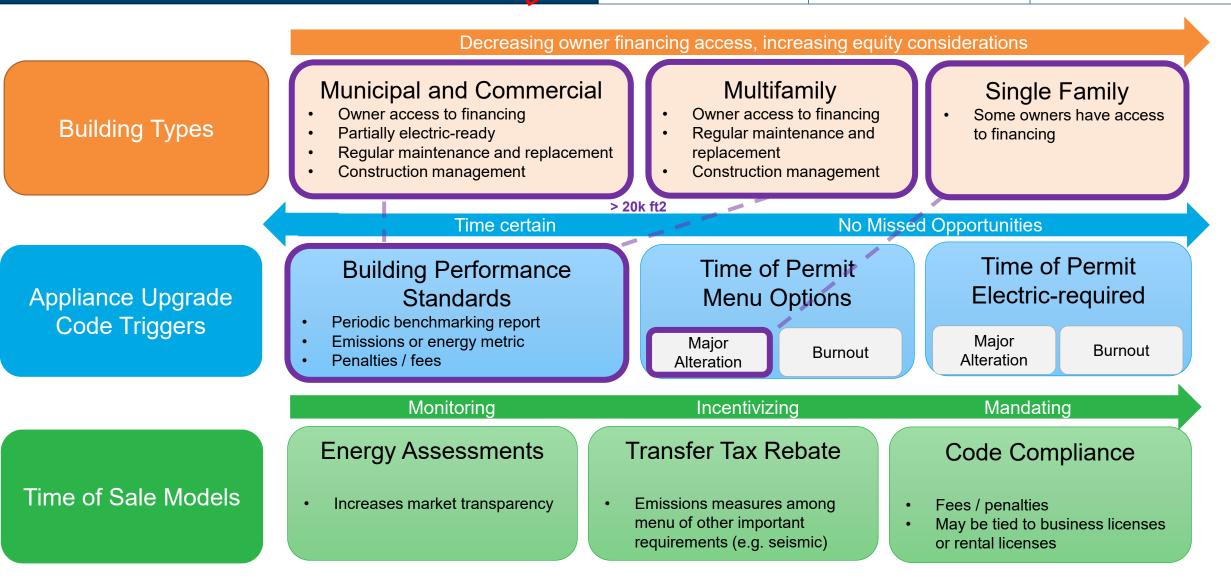
Existing Building Code Approaches



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Chula Vista

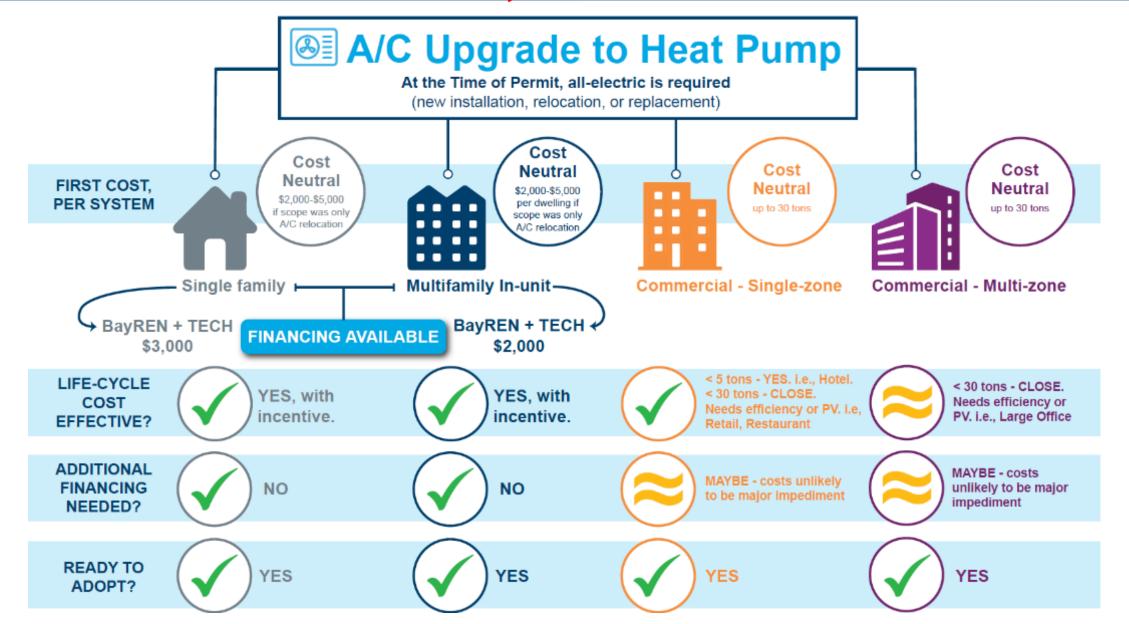
Time of Permit – Electric Required, Burnout





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Resources and Next Steps



Equitable Approaches

- Existing Building Electrification Strategy City of Berkeley
- <u>Equitable Electrification Framework</u> Greenlining Institute
- Equitable Development Scorecard The Alliance for Advancing Regional Equity
- <u>Tenant Impact Recommendations</u> Natural Resources Defense Council for Los Angeles
- <u>Zero Cities Project</u> Urban Sustainability Director's Network

Model Codes

- Building Performance Standards Institute for Market Transformation, used by Denver
- <u>Building Performance Standards, Local Government Processes, and Grid Implications</u> Local Government Sustainable Energy Coalition
- <u>Time of Permit Menu Option</u> Statewide Reach Codes Program, draws from Chula Vista
- Time of Permit Electric-Required TBD on BayAreaReachCodes.Org

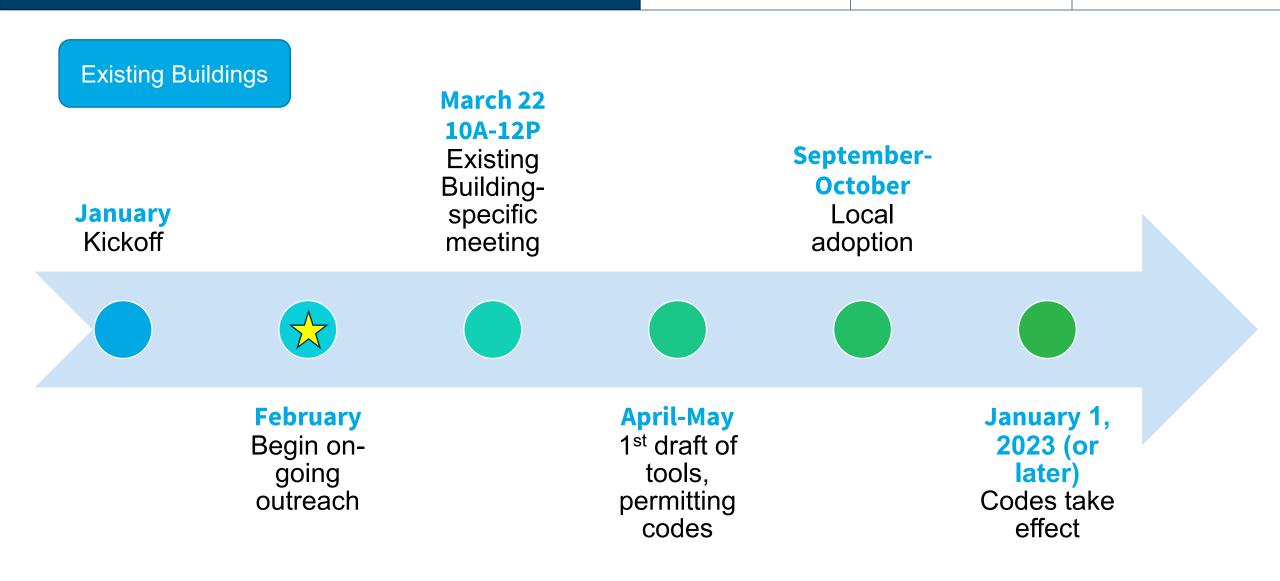
Webinar on Existing Building Electrification: Date TBD

2022-23 Initiative Timeline









New Construction Building Electrification

Integrated Genomics Laboratory, Lawrence Berkeley Labs

Source: <u>Rutherford + Chekene</u>

EAST BAY COMMUNITY ENERGY





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Code Approach	Pros	Cons
All-Electric Municipal Ordinance <i>Posted on</i> <i>BayAreaReachCodes.org</i>	 Most effective Flexible (i.e., time-certain or existing buildings policies can be included) Avoids triennial cycle 	Limited efficiency options



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Energy Code – All-Electric + efficiency amendment	EffectiveMay include efficiency and load management	Requires CEC approval	



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Energy Code – Electric- preferred amendment	May include efficiency and load management	 CA Energy Code is already electric- preferred Requires CEC approval Enforcement complexity



Building Electrification – New Construction

All-Electric Municipal Ordinance

All-electric construction required

• Also restricts extension of any existing gas infrastructure

New construction definition

- If either of the below are replaced over 3 years for purposes other than repair or reinforcement
- 50% of above-sill framing, or
- 50% of foundation

Optional exceptions

- Infeasible to construct according to CA Energy Code
- "Public interest"
- Technology-specific exceptions expiring in 2025
- Electric-readiness required
- Pre-wiring
- Physical space







Review Code Language (screenshare)







Breakout Discussion

How do these codes reflect your city's aspirations?

What policies would decarbonize new construction best?

What analysis would your Council or City Manager like to see?

EV Charging Infrastructure Code



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EV Infrastructure – New Construction

Code Approach	Pros	Cons	
Zoning Code amendment Posted on BayAreaReachCodes.Org	 Flexible (i.e., time-certain policy can be included) Developer is aware at time of land-use permit Alignment with other land use regulations 	 Should comprehensively replicate or exceed all CALGreen mandatory req's 	
CALGreen amendments	 May be adopted simultaneously with CALGreen All-electric building amendments 	Complex strikethrough/underlinesRequires triennial adoption	

Considerations

- How does your city commonly perform on-site EV infrastructure inspections?
- What is the best approach given your city's staff and community culture?

EV Code Terminology







Speed

Level 1

3-4 miles per charging hour



Level 2 10-20 miles per

charging hour



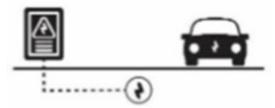
Level 3 150+ miles per charging hour



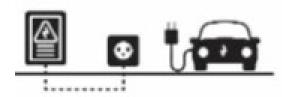


Readiness

EV Capable



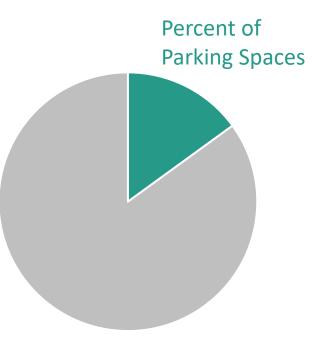
EV Ready



EV Charging Station



Number





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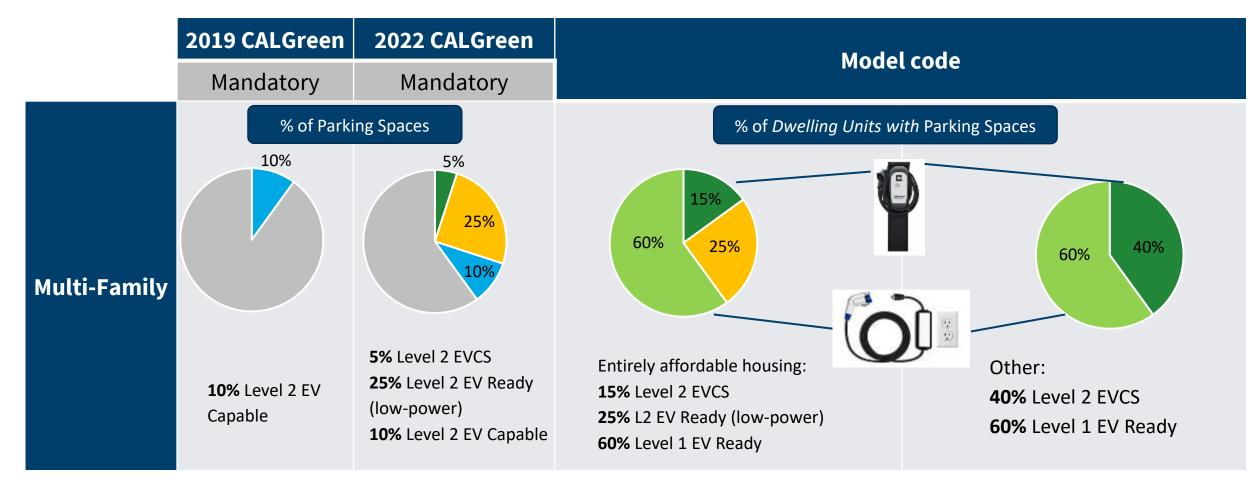
EV Infrastructure – New Construction

	2019 CALGreen	2022 CALGreen	Model Code	
	Mandatory	Mandatory		
Single Family Homes and Two-Family Townhomes	(1) Level 2 EV Capab space per dw		2 EV spaces total: • 1 Level 2 EV Ready circuit • 1 Level 1 EV Ready circuit	

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EV Infrastructure – New Construction



LOAD MANAGEMENT ENCOURAGED

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Each scenario is

EV Infrastructure Cost for 100-Dwelling Multifamily Building

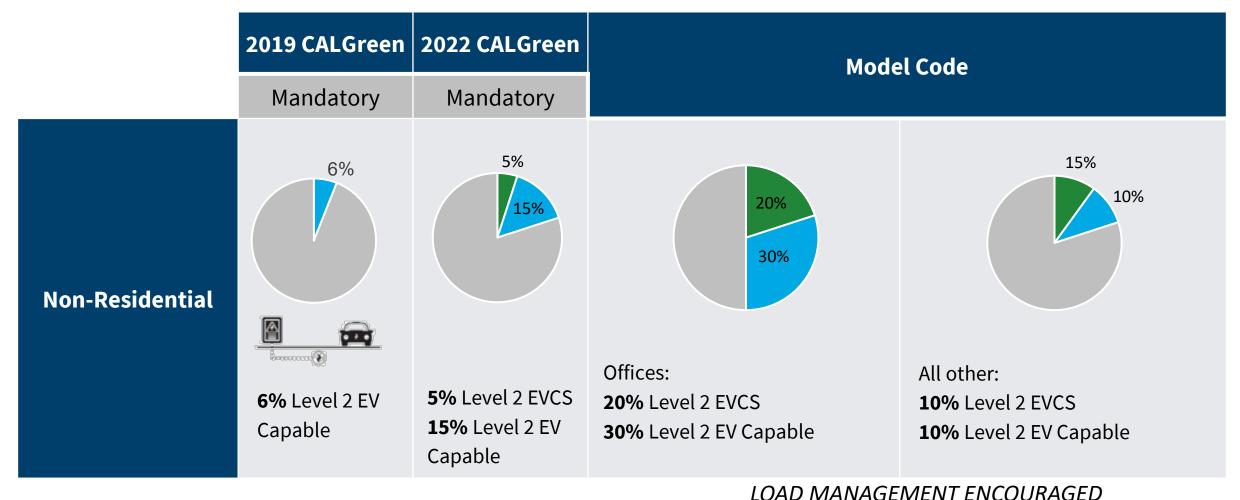


Source: Turner and Townsend, 2021

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EV Infrastructure – New Construction



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EV Infrastructure – Existing Buildings

Alterations or additions

- Single Family Parking additions or electrical panel upgrades must meet new construction requirements
- Multifamily \rightarrow
- Nonresidential →

When new parking facilities are added, or electrical systems or lighting of existing parking facilities are added or altered and the work requires a building permit, ten percent (10%) of the total number of parking spaces added or altered shall be EVCS.

Time certain policy

 By January 1st, 2025, multifamily and nonresidential properties shall upgrade existing EV Capable spaces required by the locally adopted codes at the time the building was permitted to a minimum of Level 1 EV Ready.







Review Code Language (screenshare)







Breakout Discussion

What EV policies make most sense for your city?

What EV infrastructure analysis would your Council or City Manager want to see?

2022-23 Initiative Timeline









Please share your opinions

Please review the codes posted on BayAreaReachCodes.org and share feedback

Model Reach Codes Recommendations

The following building electrification reach code language is based on the anticipated Investor-Owned Utilities Codes and Standards Program (IOU's C&S) cost effectiveness studies. These studies will be listed under Supporting Resources.

Do you have any feedback you would like to share on our model codes or other aspects of our Initiative? We would appreciate your input!

PROVIDE FEEDBACK



- What opportunities and challenges do you expect in 2022-23?
- Are the code concepts appropriate for your City/County?
- What support will you need more/less of?

















March 8 – ICC Tri-Chapter briefing

March 9 – CALBIG briefing

<u>Date TBD</u> – City Staff: Deep Dive into Existing Building Electrification





2022 CA Energy Code

New Construction

- Heat pumps are prescriptive baseline
 - Residential
 - Space heating in climate zone 3, 4
 - Water heating in climate zone 12
 - Nonresidential most building types include one or both of water heating and space heating
- Residential
 - Performance credit for all-electric design
 - Electric-ready pre-wiring required for gas appliances
 - Higher ventilation rate for gas stoves
- Nonresidential Solar PV and Battery Storage prescriptively req'd

Existing Buildings

- Prohibits newly installed ducted electric resistance space heating
- Code language simplifications to enable heat pump space heating and water heating systems







2022 CALGreen

Energy Efficiency

- Compliance margin assumes both heat pump space heating and water heating
- Mixed-fuel compliance path allowed (e.g., with battery storage)
- Does not mandate or encourage on electric cooking/laundry

EV Infrastructure

Multifamily	EV Capable (L2)		EVSE (L2)	Total
Mandatory	10%	25%	5%	40%

Non-	EV Capable	EVSE	Total
residential	(L2)	(L2 + Load Management)	
Mandatory	15%	5%	20%

Note: Non-residential includes EV Capable (make-ready) requirements for Medium- and Heavy-duty EVs in new grocery, warehouse, and retail buildings.